

MAY 2024



## RESPONDING TO PREJUDICE RELATED INCIDENTS

**PRESTLEY WOOD ACADEMY, WINDSOR ROAD,  
ALCONBURY WEALD, HUNTINGDON, PE28 4BL**

## 1. Aims

At Prestley Wood Academy we want to provide every opportunity for children to learn to respect one another. We are aware of our responsibilities under the [Equality Act 2010](#) to eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation; advance equality of opportunity and foster good relations between people who share a protected characteristic and people who do not share it. We celebrate the wide range of ethnic groups, cultures, languages and religious beliefs that are to be found in our Academy community and beyond. We seek to be welcoming to all different types of people and families and equally inclusive of people who have a disability and those who do not. This forms part of our wider work within Academy in promoting the British Values of mutual respect and tolerance.

We recognise that prejudice-related incidents do happen and we take them extremely seriously, recognising that they can cause harm to all those involved, as well as to our wider Academy community. By effectively tackling prejudice-related incidents, we seek to create a positive Academy environment for everyone and to safeguard the wellbeing of all pupils and staff. In doing so, we aim to fully meet our obligations under the 2010 Equality Act, as well as best prepare our children for life in modern Britain and to thrive in a diverse, globalised world.

The aims of this policy are to:

- establish an agreed definition of prejudice-related incidents;
- share the principles behind our programme of preventative education;
- detail how we respond to, report and monitor prejudice-related incidents.

This policy should be read in conjunction with our Equality & Diversity Policy, Behaviour Policy, Physical Intervention Policy and Anti-Bullying Policy.

## 2. Defining Prejudice Related Incidents

At our Academy we define a prejudice-related incident as:

- any incident which is perceived by the victim, or any other person, to be prejudiced towards an individual, due to one or more of the protected characteristics.

We recognise the following protected characteristics, as outlined in the Equality Act 2010:

- age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex, sexual orientation.

We will investigate, record and report all incidents, including those that are reported to be unintentional. We recognise that just because someone did not intend to offend, it does not mean that the incident did not cause harm. Our response will always aim to educate so that everyone understands the potential harm which can result from such behaviour. Intention is important when considering the actions that need to be taken with the perpetrator, but a lack of intent does not prevent an incident from being considered prejudice-related.

We recognise that prejudice-related incidents may take a range of forms, which include but are not limited to:

- use of prejudicial language; ridicule and jokes; verbal abuse; physical assault; graffiti or damage to property; discriminatory behaviour e.g. refusing to work with a person; incitement to behave in a prejudicial manner; bullying, including cyber bullying.

### 3. Prejudice-Related Incidents and Bullying

We recognise that:

- **any** child may be affected by bullying
- sometimes bullying is related to prejudice.

All incidents of prejudice-related bullying in schools constitute a prejudice-related incident. However not all prejudice-related incidents would constitute prejudice-related bullying. To determine if prejudice-related incident/s are bullying, refer to our definition of bullying:

- *repetitive, intentional hurting of one person or group by another person or group, where the relationship involves an imbalance of power. It can happen face to face or online.*

*(Antibullying Alliance definition).*

We know that experiencing bullying can have a significant, negative and lasting impact on a child's emotional and mental wellbeing. We also recognise the negative impact that engaging in bullying behaviours or witnessing the bullying of another can have. See our Antibullying Policy for information about how we respond to reports of bullying.

*[The Cambridgeshire PSHE Service produce a model Anti-Bullying policy. For further information email [pshe@cambridgeshire.gov.uk](mailto:pshe@cambridgeshire.gov.uk)].*

### 4. The Role of Preventative Education

We recognise that effective preventative education can reduce the chance of prejudice-related behaviour occurring. We know that children learn about building respectful relationships in a wide variety of ways, not only through planned lessons, but through their everyday experiences at school and at home. Our Academy ethos, wider enrichment opportunities and the interventions and support offered all contribute to the development of these skills. All members of staff understand their role in supporting our strong inclusive culture.

Our preventive education fulfils the following relevant sections of the DfE statutory requirements for [Relationships Education and Health Education \(2020\)](#).

These aspect of the Curriculum will be taught via:

- PSHCE through *designated lessons, circle time, participation in focused events and themed weeks*
- Other curriculum areas, especially *English, RE and computing*
- Enrichment activities, especially *our assembly programme, SEAL programme, Peer Mediation opportunities.*

For further information about our PSHCE Curriculum, including how we select appropriate teaching resources and external visitors see our Relationships Education Policy and our PSHE Policy.

### 5. Responding to Prejudice-Related Incidents

All prejudiced language or behaviour should be challenged and how that challenge is made will

depend on the circumstances and severity of the incident, and on any previous similar incidents involving either the victim or perpetrator. The terms victim and perpetrator are used within this policy as they are terms that are easily understood, however care should be taken not to use these terms in front of involved parties.

When dealing with any possible prejudice-related incident, members of staff will:

- treat every issue seriously – remembering that someone's perception is their reality at the time and that incidents should never be dismissed or ignored
- respond immediately – acknowledging that the incident has happened and offering support to the victim of the incident
- reinforce the school's position on discrimination and prejudice
- focus on the perpetrator's behaviour, rather than the person – making sure that they know that the behaviour is not acceptable
- ensure that witnesses know what behaviour was not acceptable and why.

Prejudice-related incidents will always be properly investigated (by a class teacher or senior leader as is deemed most appropriate). The person investigating will:

- offer immediate support to the victim, acknowledging their feelings, reassuring them that the matter will be treated seriously and ascertaining whether they have been the victim of prejudice on previous occasions
- ensure that both perpetrator and victim have a fair hearing and are given the opportunity separately to fully explain the incident
- approach witnesses to gain their accounts of the incident (in writing if appropriate)
- where appropriate, bring both parties together to give them a chance to be involved in resolving the situation
- determine whether the incident was indeed prejudice-related or not, and ensure that the reasons why are explained to all parties involved
- give the perpetrator the opportunity to take responsibility for their actions and to try to repair the harm that they have caused
- address underlying issues (for example, with a playground dispute in which prejudice-related abuse has been used, the original dispute should be resolved as well as prejudice-related behaviour)
- ensure that all parties, including the witnesses, understand what is being done to address the incident and the reasons behind this
- inform relevant members of the senior leadership team and parents/carers where this is deemed appropriate
- follow up with the perpetrator and victim after an agreed time period to decide whether any further action is needed
- where appropriate, ensure that there are subsequent curriculum opportunities for all pupils in that class/year group to develop their understanding of prejudice and discrimination, and to address any prejudiced attitudes.

## **5. Recording and Reporting Prejudice-Related Incidents**

Whenever a member of Academy staff deals with an incident that may be considered to be prejudice-related, they should report that to the named lead.

The concern should be recorded on a prejudice incident form (see Appendix 1).

The Named Staff Member will then report all prejudice-related incidents to the LA using the online system 'PRfE' (Prejudice Reporting for Education: [Prejudice Reporting for Education \(PRfE\)](#)). PRfE is an online reporting tool and every incident logged in PRfE captures details on the nature of the incident, type of prejudice, details of the victim and perpetrator and what actions were taken by the school. All incidents logged in the system are anonymised and do

not include data that could identify individual pupils. This allows trends to be analysed by the Academy and the LA.

There may be occasions where a prejudice-related incident may need to be reported to the police as a potential hate incident or a potential hate crime. Police and the Crown Prosecution Service classify hate incidents as any incident which is perceived by the victim, or any other person, to be prejudiced towards an individual, due to disability, race, religion, transgender identity or sexual orientation. (*N.B. this list is shorter than the list of protected characteristics*). If a crime may have been committed the category of a potential hate crime may apply. As the age of criminal responsibility in England is 10 years old, this category is unlikely to apply if the perpetrator is under 10. Criminal offences might include behaviour such as: malicious communications, assault, public order offences, criminal damage, harassment or sexual assault.

If the perpetrator of a prejudice-related incident is a member of staff, the school's disciplinary policy will be followed. However, following a full investigation, this will still be recorded as a prejudice-related incident.

## **6. Roles and Responsibilities**

Governors are responsible for:

- ensuring that the Academy complies with equality legislation
- monitoring the frequency and pattern of any prejudice-related incidents and the actions taken by Academy staff to address them.

The Headteacher with support from the rest of the Senior Leadership Team, is responsible for:

- ensuring that there are effective policies, procedures, recording and reporting systems in place for dealing with prejudice-related incidents
- ensuring that all prejudice-related incidents are dealt with effectively and that staff and pupils receive appropriate support
- providing training and ensuring that all staff, pupils and parents/carers are aware of their responsibilities
- monitoring the frequency and nature of prejudice-related incidents and the effectiveness with which the Academy tackles and seeks to prevent them
- reporting prejudice-related incidents to the Governing Body, Local Authority and Trust
- setting and monitoring equality objectives in partnership with the Governing Body and other Academy leaders.

Teachers and all other members of support staff are responsible for:

- challenging prejudicial attitudes and behaviours
- complying with Academy policies and procedures
- promoting equality through the curriculum
- modelling respectful behaviour
- responding to prejudice-related incidents according to school/college policy
- reporting incidents when they occur.

## **7. Review**

This policy will be reviewed regularly by the Head Teacher and the Governing Body, taking into account the frequency and pattern of prejudice-related incidents across the school. This will take place at least every 2 years.

# Prestley Wood Academy

## APPENDIX

### CONFIDENTIAL

### PREJUDICE RELATED INCIDENT REFERRAL FORM

(internal Academy use only) Used to notify Head Teacher or member of SMT as soon as possible after incident has taken place. Each incident to be referred separately.

#### Nature of alleged incident and those involved

**Nature of alleged incident** Tick (✓) appropriate box(es) below.

<b>RACISM</b>	<b>RELIGION or BELIEF related</b>	<b>HOMOPHOBIA/ BIPHOBIA/ TRANSPHOBIA</b>	<b>SEXIST/ SEXISM</b>	<b>SEN/DISABILITY related</b>
<b>AGE</b>	<b>If 'Other', state nature of prejudice</b>			

<p><b>Name(s) of alleged target(s)/aggrieved person(s)</b></p> <p><i>N.B. There may not be a specific person who is targeted</i></p>   
--

<p><b>Name(s) of alleged perpetrator(s)</b></p>   
---

<i>Alleged victim(s)</i>	✓	<b>M / F</b>	<i>Further information (e.g. year group of pupil)</i>
Pupil			
Teaching staff			
Other staff			
Parent/carer			
Trustee			
Visitor			
Other			

<b>Alleged perpetrator (s)</b>	✓	<b>M / F</b>	<b>Further information (e.g. year group of pupil)</b>
Pupil			
Teaching staff			
Other staff			
Parent/carer			
Trustee			
Visitor			
Other			

<p><b>Name(s) of possible witness(es)</b></p>   
---

<p><b>Type of incident</b></p> <p>Tick (✓) all boxes in table below that apply.</p> <p>See below for explanation of categories.</p>
---

<i>Possible witness(es)</i>	✓	<b>M / F</b>	<i>Further information (e.g. year group of pupil)</i>
Pupil			
Teaching staff			
Other staff			

Physical assault	
Physical harassment	
Graffiti	
Cyber bullying/harassment	
Written comments/drawings (not graffiti)	

Parent			
Trustee			
Visitor			
Other			

Verbal abuse	
Abuse of/damage to personal property	
Non-co-operation/disrespect	
Other	

## Details of alleged incident

**Date/time of incident**

**Place where incident occurred**

**What happened?**

*If there is insufficient space below, further papers may be attached to this form.*

**Action already taken. Please provide brief details, if known.**

*If there is insufficient space below, further papers may be attached to this form.*

**Person reporting incident**

*A third party may need to complete this form on behalf of the pupil/person reporting the incident.*

Name of person completing form .....

Name of person reporting incident (if different) .....

How person reporting incident can be contacted (if not at school).....

Signed by person reporting incident ..... Date .....

---



**Actions taken in response to substantiated incident**

**If pupil is involved:**

a) Parents/carers of victim informed: How .....  
By whom.....  
Date .....

b) Parents/carers of perpetrator informed: How .....  
By whom .....  
Date .....

**Outcome (for all incidents).**  
*If there is insufficient space below, further papers may be attached to this form.*

Signature of manager: .....Date:.....

---

**Hand to Head Teacher for online reporting - PRIDE:**

.....(date and initials when reported)

Policy agreed on: \_\_\_\_\_

Signed on behalf of the Trustees \_\_\_\_\_

Committee: \_\_\_\_\_

Author: \_\_\_\_\_

Review date (optional): \_\_\_\_\_

Website Y/N